BeGeD KeFeT Letters

Six Hebrew letters may have a dot in the middle called a *dagesh lene* (weak *dagesh*).

Reading from right to left, these letters are:

Bet, Gimmel, Dalet, Khaf, Fey, Tav

To aid memory, they are called BeGeD KeFeT letters

Bet, Gimmel, Dalet, Khaf, Fey, Tav

A dagesh lene always occurs in these letters when they are at the beginning of a word. A dagesh lene occurs in the middle of a word only when no vowel precedes it (at the beginning of a syllable). Most letters may take a dot called a dagesh forte (strong dagesh). The dagesh forte indicates the doubling of a letter

If a vowel immediately precedes the dagesh, it is a dagesh forte There are five letters which will not accept a dagesh forte

These are called the gutteral letters:

Alpeh Hey Khat Ayin Resh

The letter is the only gutteral lette that will occur with a dot in it.

A st the end of a word is called a mappiq.

A mappiq indicates that the

should be pronounced

A mappiq also indicates the possessive



The BeGeD KeFeT Letters

TavFeyKhafDalet GimmelBet



The five gutteral letters will not accept a *dagesh forte*. They are:

